ECC would also like to indicate that when carrying out their future compatibility and sharing assessments between WAS/RLAN and the incumbent services that they intend to use the following principles:

* there will be a similar approach to deriving the appropriate level of protection for all of the incumbent primary radio services highlighted in tasks 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 of the mandate.
* any future allocation to the Mobile Service (WAS/RLANs) would not be able to claim protection from the incumbent primary radio services highlighted in tasks 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 of the mandate.
* any mitigation measures that may be applied (in principle to either service) will have to ensure an appropriate level of protection to the incumbent primary radio services highlighted in tasks 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 of the mandate.
* any mitigation measures that may be applied to enable compatibility and sharing with the incumbent primary radio services highlighted in tasks 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 of the mandate should be based on solutions that are mutually agreed by all the relevant parties.
* that the sharing and compatibility analysis for all of the other services to be studied under the mandate will look at the potential for interference in both directions in order to give a clear view on any future sharing environment.

With respect to any potential mitigation techniques for these new allocations ECC also notes the importance of the ongoing work within European Commission to address the issues with respect to the existing cases of intentional illegal use or non-compliant RLAN equipment in the 5GHz band that are highlighted in ECC Report 192.